guru of reforms

fending his government's

record and the Congress'

positions on controversial

issues such as the 2G scam,

Singh spoke up and de-

"I honestly hope history

would be kinder to me than

the contemporary media,

or for that matter, the op-

ment," he had said famous-

More than two decades

later, Congress president

Mallikarjun Kharge react-

ed to Singh's death with a

poignant post on X: "Undoubtedly, history shall judge you kindly, Dr. Man-

The decade with Singh at the helm of affairs is

widely believed to be an era unprecedented growth and

His journey to the acme

of India's governance and

political power is unique in the annals of India's pol-

Singh, always seen in a powder blue turban, was

appointed India's finance minister in 1991 in the Narasimha Rao govern-

ment. His role in ushering

in a comprehensive policy

of economic reforms is now

In January 1991, India

struggled to finance its es-

sential imports, especially

of oil and fertilisers, and

to repay official debt. In

Iulv 1991. the RBI pledged

46.91 tonnes of gold with the Bank of England and

the Bank of Japan to raise

Manmohan Singh soon

Vohra, who at the time

served successively as de-

fence and home secretary

said he had to be at then fi-

steered the economy well

and was quick to repur-

chase it months later.

\$400 million.

recognised worldwide.

ly in January 2004.

mohan Singh ji!'

prosperity.

itics.

clared he was not weak.

Leaders from across the political spectrum pay respects to a man who was unassuming, erudite, soft-spoken, a consensus builder and a stubbornly resolute politician

the roadmap of India's economic reform, unshackled it from the licence raj and pulled it back from the brink when even all its gold reserve was pledged. Former Prime Minister Manmohan Singh was the scholar and architect of the India of today who evolved into a stubbornly resolute politician

PTI, NEW DELHI: He drew stumbling into the rough and tumble of mainstream politics.

He was the proverbial dark horse when Sonia Gandhi stepped back from taking the prime minister's post, ignoring the clamour from her party, and chose him instead. And so Manmohan Singh the academic bureaucrat became the 14th prime minister of In-

ruption scams, establishing ter, when he was seen de-BIP's unbroken rule since then. Hailed for putting India on the road to liberalisation and privatisation in the early 1990s, Singh was criticised for turning a blind eve to charges of cor-

ruption. The going often got tough.

tion began to unravel when

India signed a civil nuclear

deal with the US. It almost

cost his government with

the Left parties pulling out

of the UPA coalition. How-

ever, his government sur-

On July 22, 2008, the UPA faced its first confidence

vote in the Lok Sabha af-

ter the Communist Party

of India (Marxist) led Left

Front withdrew support

over India approaching the

IAEA for Indo-US nucle-

ar deal. The UPA won the

confidence vote with 275

votes to the opposition's

PTI, NEW DELHI: Man-

mohan Singh had joined

minister by his daughter.

home.

appealed to him.

of humour.

in Amritsar.

father was a funny man

saying he had a good sense

In April 1948, Singh was

"Since his father want-

admitted to Khalsa College

ed him to become a doctor,

he joined the two-year FSc

vived.

abstained.

During his first tenure as position parties in Parliaprime minister, the coali-



WITH FORMER PRIME MINISTER PV NARASIMHA RAO

Unassuming, erudite, soft-spoken and a consensus builder, Manmohan Singh died on Thursday night at Delhi's All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS). He was 92.

The Congress leader, who steered the country for 10 years from 2004-2014 and helped set up the country's economic framework as finance minister before that, was a renowned name in the global financial and economic sectors.

The man who famously spoke of studying under the dim light of kerosene lamps in his village without electricity and went on to become a storied academic was the copybook reluctant politician, almost

dia in 2004 Theirs was a partnership that lasted 10 years, the equation between Sonia Gandhi and Singh often cited for its equanimity and an example of how a working relationship should really be. Notwithstanding

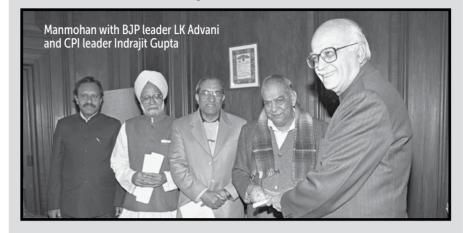
the inevitable tensions. Singh also had to balance the interests of the United Progressive Alliance's coalition partners. N N Vohra, a former Jam-

mu and Kashmir governor, said Singh always "stood firm as a rock in pursuing the ethical path even if he got into trouble with the political party he represented".

In 2014, the UPA was voted out in a cloud of cor**A MAN FOR ALL SEASONS AND REASONS**



With his successor, Narendra Modi; (right) In conversation with Sonia and Rahul Gandhi





Dalai Lama greets Manmohan





His passing is a great loss to all of us. I pay my respectful homage to one of the greatest sons of Bharat and convey my heartfelt condolences to his family, friends and admirers. Former Prime Minister Dr Manmohan Singh Ji was one of those rare politicians who also straddled the worlds of academia and administration with equal ease. In his various roles in public offices, he made critical contributions to reforming Indian economy. He will always be remembered for his service to the nation, his unblemished political life and his utmost humility - Droupadi Murmu,

President

His interventions in Parliament were also insightful. As our Prime Minister, he made extensive efforts to improve people's lives. His wisdom and humility were always visible

- Narendra Modi, **Prime Minister**

His legacy will forever guide Bharat's growth trajectory. His profound understanding of economy, gentle demeanour and unwavering commitment to India's progress will forever be etched in my memory

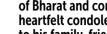
– Jagdeep Dhankhar, Vice President

Undoubtedly, history shall judge you kindly, Dr Manmohan Singh ji. With the passing of the Former Prime Minister, India has lost a visionary statesman, a leader of unimpeachable integrity, and an economist of unparalleled stature. His policy of **Economic Liberalisation** and Rights-based welfare paradigm profoundly transformed the lives of crores of Indians, virtually creating a Middle Class in India and lifting crores out

of poverty

A POLITICIAN AND A GENTLEMAN

O HERALDO



be kinder to me

When Manmohan

said, 'History will



PTI, NEW DELHI: Months before he demitted office as Prime Minister in 2014, Manmohan Singh had asserted that his leadership was not weak and history would be kinder to him than what the media projected at that time.

Addressing a press conference in January 2014, in what was one of his last media interactions, Singh had said, "I do not believe that I have been a weak Prime Minister ... I honestly believe that history will be kinder to me than the contemporary media or for that matter the Opposition in Parliament... Given the political compulsions, I have done the best I could do."

"...I have done as well as I could do according to the circumstances... It is for history to judge what I have done or what I have not done," Singh had said.

He was responding to a volley of questions regarding criticism that his leadership was "weak" and he was not decisive on many occasions.

Singh had also chosen the press conference to launch a blistering attack on BJP's then prime ministerial candidate Modi and referred to the 2002 Gujarat riots under

the Chief Minister. The BJP at that time had projected Modi as a strong leader while targeting Singh over the issue of "weak" leadership in the run-up to the Lok Sabha polls.

"If you measure the strength of Prime Minister by presiding over mass massacre of innocent citizens on streets of Ahmedabad, then I do not believe in it.... I do not think that this kind of strength this country needs least from its

Prime Minister," Singh had said. "I have full confidence that the next Prime Minister will be from the UPA... It will be disas-

trous for the country to have Narendra Modi as Prime Minister... I sincerely believe what Narendra Modi is saying is not going to materialise," he had said.

GLORIOUS JOURNEY

a pre-medical course as his father wanted him 1954: Completed Master's in Economics to become a doctor but from Panjab University pulled out after a couple of months, losing interest in 1957: Economic Tripos (3-year degree the subject, according to a prog) from Cambridge University book on the former prime 1962: D.Phil in Economics from Oxford University Singh died here on Thursday night at the age 1971: Joins Government of India as of 92 after he had sudden Economic Advisor in Commerce Ministry loss of consciousness at 1972: Appointed Chief Economic Advisor in Finance Ministry In her book "Strictly Per-1980-82: Member, Planning sonal: Manmohan and Gursharan", published in 2014, Commission Daman Singh also said eco-1982-1985: Governor of the nomics was a subject that Reserve Bank of India 1985-87: Served as Deputy Chairman She also wrote that her

> 1990: Appointed Advisor to Prime Minister on Economic Affairs March 1991: Appointed chairman of

University Grants Commission

of Planning Commission

Commission in Geneva

1987-90: Secretary General of South

course that would lead to further studies in mediscience," Daman wrote.

cine. After just a couple of "I didn't have the time months, he dropped out. He to think," the author, who had lost interest in becombased her book on convering a doctor. In fact, he had sations with her parents also lost interest in studying and hours spent in libraries

and archives, quoted her father as saying.

"I went and joined my father in his shop. I didn't like that either, because I was not treated as an equal.

entered Hindu College in

September 1948," Singh

Former Pakistan PM Nawaz Sharif

with Manmohan

Economics was a subject that appealed to him immediately. "I was always interested in issues of poverty, why some countries are poor, why others are rich. And I was told that economics is the subject which asks these questions," Sin-

While studying at Cam-

"His tuition and living expenses came to about 600 pounds a year. The Panjab University scholarship gave him about 160 pounds. For the rest he had to depend on his father. Manmohan was careful to live very stingily. Subsidised meals in the dining hall were relatively cheap at two shillings sixpence," Daman wrote.

er ate out, and seldom indulged in beer or wine yet he would be in crisis if money from home fell short or did not arrive on time. "When this happened, he

skipped meals or got by on a sixpence bar of Cadbury's chocolate," she said.

an emotional cord while addressing a mammoth gathering in Am-

ritsar, recalling his roots and pay-

ing tributes to the teachings of

Guru Garnth Sahib," reads a Sep-

tember 2004 statement carried on

In his speech, then prime minis-

ter had underlined that there could

be "no better way" to honour the

holy text than to abide in practice

by its teachings of "living in peace

the website -- archivepmo.nic.in.

– Mallikarjun Kharge, Congress president

🛃 I have lost a mentor and guide. Millions of us who admired him will remember him with the utmost pride

- Rahul Gandhi, Leader of Opposition in Lok Sabha

Few people in politics inspire the kind of respect that Sardar Manmohan Singh ii did. His honesty will always be an inspiration for us and he will forever stand tall among those who truly love this country as someone who remained steadfast in his commitment to serve the nation despite being subjected to unfair and deeply personal attacks by his opponents. He was genuinely egalitarian, wise, strongwilled and courageous until the end. A uniquely dignified and gentle man in the rough world of politics

– Priyanka Gandhi Vadrá, Congress general secretary

I had experience with him as prime minister and as finance secretary and late as governor. What I would say about Dr Manmohan ... that he was a great listener. He did not speak very much. But whenever he spoke, it has lots of substance

– D Subbarao, former RBI governor

Born in undivided India, he spoke of communal harmony

PTI, NEW DELHI: Born in a village in undivided Punjab, now in Pakistan, former prime minister Manmohan Singh's family witnessed first-hand the tragic Partition and he often spoke of communal harmony in his long public life.

He was born in Gah in Punjab province's western region, which now falls in Pakistan.

Singh was a noted economist and a respected figure in India and abroad. According to his profile

on the website -- pmindia.gov, "Dr Singh completed his matriculation examinations from the Punjab University in 1948. His academic career took him from Punjab to the University of Cambridge, UK, where he earned a First Class Honours degree in Economics in 1957. Singh followed this with a D.Phil in Economics from Nuffield College

at Oxford University in 1962. His book, 'India's Export Trends and Prospects for Self-Sustained

Growth' was an "early critique of India's inward-oriented trade policy", the profile reads.

A man of few words, but immense wisdom, he often spoke of communal harmony and democratic values that are at the core of India as a nation. At an event in Amritsar in 2004 marking the 400th anniversary of the installation of Guru Granth Sahib, he had recalled his roots.

"Dr. Manmohan Singh, touched with one another".

1991: Elected to Rajya Sabha from Assam, and re-elected in 1995, 2001. 2007 and 2013 1991-96: Finance Minister under PV Narasimha Rao government 1998-2004: Leader of the Opposition in Rajya Sabha 2004-2014: Prime Minister of India

I was treated as an inferior person who ran errands bringing water, bringing tea. Then I thought I must go back to college. And I

was quoted as saying.

gh told his daughter.

bridge University, money was the only real problem that bothered Singh.

She said her father nev-